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## GENERAL MOTORS' FACT-FINDING DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE

THIS IS THE BREAKING POINT BETWEEN AMERICAN FREEDOM AND EUROPEAN SERFDOM

### IF GENERAL MOTORS TAXES CONTINUE ACCORDING TO ABILITY TO PAY

Their wages will swing into the Marx line. Economy can't be half slave and free. And I may as well remind GM here that the Machiavelian idea of ability to pay goes back to GOP protectionism—and was then in reverse-principle as extortionate and blackmailing as now.

And further, that the 1500 colleges (on which are planted 12,000 high schools) have specialized in this ability fallacy: and present a good sample of what the billions of GM and other industry have bought for themselves. This doubles the handicap of re-education that industry must sponsor to be free.

History has never presented a situation wherein self-interest—(ENLIGHTENED) so perfectly and completely coincides with the most complete interest of all of society—EVERYONE—as does this demand that GM and all capital and wealth UNTAX THEMSELVES.

This untaxation must simultaneously untax all of their co-producers of wealth—say 100 million people who work: next another untaxing of all who buy, consumers, EVERYONE. Then taxing the resources of production out of monopoly again doubles everyone's gain.

#### GENERAL MOTORS: FACTS AND IMPLICATIONS

THE FOREMOST PRODUCTION interest of the country has contributed another "nutritum in parvo" volume to our business economies that are now so dangerously threatened by what is essentially a merger of Political and Labor so-called Leadership. This 31 page pamphlet follows a 44 page one reviewed in "democracy" No. 72, Feb. '46. Both are about 100% in logic and fact. They obviously aim at getting at the labor-capital solution for themselves and all of industry which they consider as including, or vitally affecting, nearly everyone.

And the implication of this title is that it is the implication rather than the fact which at this stage of development we had better be looking after.

Facts maybe we can handle: implications from those facts may go away beyond our capacity and surely beyond that of any these leaders who have forced strange and unnatural conditions on us.

#### THIS IS THE G.M. FACT-FINDING REPORT

WHO ADDRESSED TO THE stockholders, these G.M. statements read as if all the class-barriers had been burned away. And indeed when "red revolution" strides abroad such as this is, the they don't say so, the time has come for a complete defense which won't leave any large class outside.

This being their worst labor upset, affecting all dependent on industry, the G.M. are making their own statement of basic facts for their own and others' guidance in future. Long, tedious and emotional discussions were the order.

Three were the basic elements included: (1) Wages; (2) Ability to Pay; (3) Right of management to manage. A fourth element should have been entered as conspiracy and extortion: where the UAW threatened to boycott G.M. in favor of its competitors.

There were steps taken in this direction where, consciously or otherwise, Chrysler and Ford were favored. "Democracy" commented on this at the time (Feb. 1946) as being the last step of perfidy, calling for an all-out defense by capital, wealth and substantial interests.

#### ABILITY TO PAY WAGES AND TAXES

BEFORE CONSIDERING THE G.M. answer, let us take two basic points: first an educational abuse; and then an abuse of management or physical force and jungle-law. The first responsibility is with our educational system's economic illiteracy in using that phrase, "ability to pay" to set up a false rule of TAXATION.

Not only is this false as to any matured economic authority, but it does not click with any kind of sense. As to authority, our educators may have better justification than in sense, as the air is still murky as to the only right tax-source being NATURE HERSELF.

In the "commonest of sense", however, there can be no appeal from the fact that one does not pay for ANYTHING according to his wealth but according to its value—which in briefest economics is measured by two kinds of labor put into it: human and organized, (capital).

This everywhere understood fact the college cult has distorted, as they have the various Marx idiosyncrasies, for purpose of justifying an insane system of PRODUCT-TAXATION. So it is perhaps quite in order for the same cult to assist direct communist-laborists to graft this tax-fallacy onto wages.

#### STATE EATS PUDDING: STILL HAS IT!

WE WERE IN WAR AND decreed no profiteering and no inflation. But "labor" denied our records and demanded 80% (=33%) increase. So "the state" decreed that we pay increase but not charge it to product. This G.M. flatly rejected and warned that it would be the entering wedge to WAGE INFLATION: tracing it thru to general and probably spiral inflation.

This disposed of that decree: G.M. then made a reasonable offer of 13½% to meet conceded cost of living but not remitting inflation. Refused because it would interrupt CIO-UAW in their 90% program for all industry (conceding G.M. claims).

Labor set up "ability to pay." Called strike 11/21/45. President set up Fact-Finding Board. Refus-

#### CAN COMPETITION REGULATE WAGES EXACTLY?

THE ANSWER IS "YES" OR at least more exactly than any other power or device ever has or can. This G.M. statement very fairly considers many factors and variables to be reconciled in wage-fixing such as different concerns and times, future plant, estimates, etc. all of which buttress their position.

But as to most of them, IF competition can be set up and kept free those varying conditions will always tend to level themselves instead of the reverse as now. Let wages be the test example and compare conditions of greatest production with the reverse. When it becomes normal to work every plant to reasonable capacity and the full outfit of workers is settled in its homes contentedly there will be neither cause or excuse for disputes over "division of product" or wage adjustment.

The mechanism of industry for doing this may be very intricate and the participation of the separate and joint committees may be intense and earnest, but the great cause of serious disputes—subnormal production—will have been removed.

#### BUT WHO ARE THE REAL LOSERS?

FIRST, THIS CALCULATION may have to be doubled as to "catch-up" time if these raises result in spiral inflation. They may in fact NEVER overtake these losses with their pay-increase: Natural law which always overrules statute law and force, says "never!"

But this is relatively trivial, as tragic as it is as a demonstration of the law of cause and effect. As great a number as compose the UAW and the CIO and all the (DIS)organized labor and in fact ALL-wage-labor, it leaves the bulk of people and the most needy of them, to take the brunt of spiral inflation.

History is reliable as to the initial cause, STRIKES—the first stone thrown—of our WAR I inflation, and it will show this one as clearly. Whether we do have such inflation as the last or such as they had in Germany or now have in Japan and China, we are already impoverished by it.

This is the ONLY FACT the President's committee should have considered: that in principle, every dollar of wage-raise reacted directly upon the workers and all of them. And then upon all consumers. The fact to uncover is: how can more wages be EARNED without impairing Producing Power or Buying Power?

ing ability to pay, fact-finding and 19½% raise, G.M. "resigned". Then came the steel settlement. Strategy seems to have come to the rescue in a settlement with an electrical union. Currently UAW rejected the same proposal.

And again after a settlement with rubber workers. Prolonging the strike over the 5c and 1c differences gives the "quotients" of eight and ten years as the time it will take these workers to replace their own personal losses suffered in this war-to-the-death.

#### ABILITY TO COLLECT IS THE POINT

G.M. DEFINES "COMPETITIVE-business" and public-utilities. This absolutely disposes of ability to pay and fixing wages, except as a political factor in utilities. Taxing power gives government that ability but adds nothing to the ECONOMIC JUSTICE of it.

Wages are still what the laborer produces: and fair competitive conditions are what EXACTLY determine the share of the product belonging to the two only producers, labor and capital. This other weakness of public ownership in industry tends to corrupt the immutable natural wage-law.

Productive income being derived from one source should be available for one use, replacing the wealth moved to consumers, with equally valuable wealth. Utilities (public or private) should be equally certain that wages were only paid for service to citizens: or charged specifically against land values, the only legitimate source of taxation.

The conclusion of "ability to pay" is to make sure that "labor" is never given any power to enable it to collect wages because it has that mass-power to do it, or the employer has the money.

#### "FREE INDUSTRY" FAR FROM FREE

THAT POPULARITY REFERRED to is in comparison to the interference it now has from two specific sources: (1) common war restrictions (2) those due to rapid growth of unionism and its god-father, communism. These combine and inter-play against all industrial and commercial freedom.

It may seem to many that a return to what President Harding called normalcy is enough to aim at now. But the tragic fact is that what was delusive as to normal is much more so now. And we would still face our old EVIL CYCLE.

However, there is no line to be drawn between the two COMM-UNIONISTIC attacks and ancient and deeper causes; because the latter cause the former. The prior causes are a DUAL TAX SYSTEM: of Product-Taxation and Natural Source Exemption.

Reversing this system to Natural Resources taxation and Labor-Capital exemption is the only way to remove the causes and excuses for labor-war due to deficient employment of both labor and capital: and for bureaucracy fed by \$200 billion of monopoly of the raw materials of production.

#### A CONGRESSIONAL REVOLT

WE APPLAUD THIS EVENT—a revolt against conscription! I'd rather count more than 2 majority votes in my revolt but so long as it is even a gesture against war-mongery, war hysteria and militarism, I'm for REVOLT.

The most distressing sign of degeneracy and approach to a disappearing democracy is our INDIGNATION and our inability to REVOLT or resent invasion of our rights and inability to use all our defenses in resisting impositions.

#### CONSPIRACY INHERENT IN UNIONISM

SINCE THE MERGER OF crooked politics with crooked labor leadership, feeble attempts at "reforming labor" have been made. Collective Bargaining, Striking and the Closed Shop have been the main points of discussion of PALLIATIVES which serve as time-wasters in evasion of removal of cause.

There never has been any opposition to the first two "rights," except as they included violence, mob-law and violation of private property and good-will, and conspiracy against business. These violations labor has made little progress in abating.

This explains the deadly slowness of this settlement—the newly threatened conspiracy to extort an unnatural wage from the largest producer by the threat of RUINATION by mass-refusal to work for any but its competitors.

Among the G.M. facts-found, implications traced and conclusions reached, it should be seen that none of its privileges to break the civil and criminal law, unionism becomes drab to its racketeering leadership, leaving only L. Gompers, Powderly, Debs echoes.

#### HOW TO ASSURE INDUSTRIAL INDEPENDENCE

THIS LITTLE VOLUME IS an admirable declaration of that independence where it refers to the backing by the Government and many eminent persons, of the obviously fallacious "ability to pay" wage-theory, as irrelevant. And declares its commitment to economic validity and independent determination.

The question then is whether the Free Competitive Economy relied on as their economic base has or can be forthwith, enough dependable for their needs. And how much all-out co-operation ALL industry must build to exemplify what is hardly secondary to ANY freedom—even in the Atlantic Charter.

Does the G.M. rise in its present fact-examination to the height of looking the economic situation squarely in the face. And does it agree with itself to take every step necessary in its correction?

It is quite common to speak of "going back to free industry": about as it's common to look wishfully back to the good old GOP days in politics. But as to both, the vital question is why industry and politics have done so much breaking down if they have been free and sound?

#### 10c SUBWAY FARES OR N.Y.C. BANKRUPTCY

THIS IS ONE OF THE AP- pealing slogans of many for 100% inflation of fares into which our new and youthful Mayor fits perfectly. With start of a three-quarter billion budget he bravely adds another quarter or tries to—AND THEN—starts out with an old busted lantern looking for TAX-SOURCES.

But he can't find the billions of land-value the subways create that would save them and the city itself from bankruptcy. Nor can he find a few parasite-monopolists largely purloining these and other billions of land-value created by 8,000,000 people who elected him.

There are two kinds of Democracy: Political and Economic.

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1946CHAS. H. INGERSOLL, Editor and Publisher  
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## LINCOLN INCENTIVES EXPOUNDED

BY COINCIDENCE, JAMES F. LINCOLN IS REPRODUCING his famous namesake's announcement of a FREEDOM of his own conception and development bearing on what has come to be recognized as Industrial Slavery: which is more oppressive than were the primitive forms ended by Abraham Lincoln.

'Lincoln's Incentive System' (192 pp. by McGraw-Hill, \$2.00) is a remarkable narrative of industrial change which contains all the revolutionary demands of labor without a single threat or intimation of force or violence. And note that it's narrative: not prediction, wish, guess, or opinion.

Without a single illusion as to basically wrong attitudes of both labor and capital Lincoln, with 30 years experience in making electrical equipment, mostly in the last 15—and pre-war—built a 33 million volume, increased employees from zero to 1000 and earnings to over \$100 a week each: and cut his costs and prices about half.

This is too much in several particulars for any sort of wonder-working. Yet most of the 'professionals' who should know better, look for some miracle to account for it: and will need all these 192 pages to be shown it is nature and freedom at work.

## INDUSTRY AT ITS ECONOMIC CLIMAX

INDUSTRIAL SLAVERY can't be measured by members or wages of some unionists: but only by taking in 'all who work' and all their property, say 100 million persons including these same Negroes. This is the scratch the Lincoln Incentive System starts from else, even in 15 years, it couldn't increase wages by four.

As to 'revolutionary demands of labor'—they have been in the Marx-union class-war style rather than in any excessive wage, and 'a behalf of ALL workers.' This is dramatized in the two outstanding features of Lincolnism:—(a) the quadrupled wages; and (b) the abolition of the 'PEACE' between this regiment and its leader.

The word 'demand' seems obsolete at Lincoln's. The only right known there is that to OFFORTUNITY. 'There they fit in with the highest known law of nature and science which gives man access to his Mother Earth for sustenance and production.

The Lincoln Law is that no one can know a man's capabilities far in advance of 'practice.' And that the whole scheme of 'management' is to supply the tools and facilities for every man to find himself. That there IS NO LIMIT to man's enterprise and earning power: To see that nothing gets in his way.

## INCENTIVES ARE NECESSARY FOR MAXIMUMS

THE INCENTIVE SCHEME is firmly fixed on maximum production, which in turn is just as firmly planted on minimum cost and price. Here is the nearest big collision with tradition:—first industry has not yet seen these basic facts: and second, industry doesn't know that they are parallel to high wages.

The ability to see industry as a unit is what Mr. Lincoln has cultivated in himself to such magnificent purpose. And what this volume is starting is the rudimentary course in teaching to the two sole producers of all wealth, labor and capital.

Who will make the best use of this gold-mine: is the key to not merely the status of commerce and industry but to ALL labor: and to all consumers—who are EVERYONE.

Enlightened labor leaders would grasp the incentive system eagerly as not only the hope of labor but more immediately, unionism. But capital, if that profit urge and especially the urge to exist, is still dominant, should hear the call and take the leadership of labor logically belonging to them.

## OUT OF THE CLOUDS ON RUSSIA

## WHY IS RUSSIA MOST FEARSOME?

IS IT BECAUSE OF A 50% greater mass of fighting men (common fodder)? Because of her determination to devote them to warfare: or to develop and use the atomic bomb? No, it's because she has discovered an unlimited reserve power of her nearly 200 million people and how to utilize it selfishly in bureaucratic serfdom.

We have made that same discovery quite recently and the principle of utilizing this power co-operatively between labor and its twin-producer capital, for multiplying wages geometrically and for establishing general prosperity permanently. In fact, ending labor-war and poverty.

The USSR discovery is disclosed in a valuable book by Sir John Maynard, titled 'The Russian People' and reviewed in 'democracy' No. 73.

Lincoln Electric Co. of Cleveland, who mainly in the past 15 years by developing an INCENTIVE SYSTEM of wages and management, have multiplied labor's productivity by four to an average, in 1000 workers of over \$5000 a year.

## A MONOPOLY OF LAND, LABOR AND CAPITAL

THE USSR IS BOASTFUL OF its land nationalization as the antidote to land monopoly. But mainly, it has only exchanged and made legal and permanent, its own monopoly for that of the landlords—or some of them.

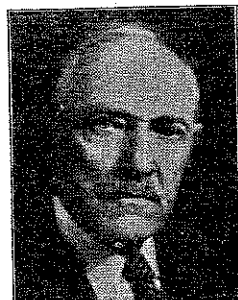
With its dual systems of labor-serfdom in production and its vast bureaucracy in distribution and sale to the consumer, it EX-PLOITS the land, labor and the mass-consumer, in a method that provokes Maynard to compare it to a 'capitalistic profit system'. This we may fairly admit proves they have a smart technic.

Now how far up the scale of labor organization for mass production such smartness may take them is the question we here raise. Assume the average capacity of their labor is four times above the dead-level or base, how much of the 400% is established by Lincoln Electric Incentive can USSR win?

If it's only 100% it may accomplish all the things Maynard credits to them. This is the ques-

## HOW TO RECONCILE THREE GREAT IDEALS

## INDIVIDUAL AND SOCIAL ISMS WITH DEMOCRACY



CHARLES H. INGERSOLL

50 years an industrialist and student of Scientific Economics. Co-ordinator, in 1892, of the 'watch that made the dollar famous'. 500 million sold. Record broadcaster and lecturer, Economics and Taxation, nearly every State. President National Tax Relief Association. Ed., 'democracy', 1165 Broadway, New York City.

## INDIVIDUALISM — DEMOCRACY — SOCIALISM

THESE ARE THE EXTREMES and the medium of the 'economy' which 'OUR AMERICA' has been wrestling with for some 200 years. This struggle is now at its height. It has become EVERYONE'S BATTLE. It can only be terminated with a CLASSLESS OBJECTIVE.

This can only be made clear enough for action by a short process of analytic-synthesis. These three phases—as headlined, of our economy or 'way of life', are all practical IDEALS. And our 200 year wrestle has developed to its Nth power, because, these 3 IDEALS have not been SET UP and SYNCHRONIZED.

IndividualISTS insist on their ideal. SocialISTS are more insistent: and have for the last few decades been sweeping the majorities which rule Democracy, their way.

And it should be quite obvious that our IDEALS OF DEMOCRACY have been submerged in a CLASS-STRUGGLE between the extremes which must somehow be terminated if we are to have anything but a word and a shadow left of what the best minds still insist is our GOAL.

## ANALYSIS AND AN ECONOMIC SYNTHESIS

THIS PROCESS CANNOT BE upset as proving 3 crucial points: (a) our economy or society is torn by conflict of the individual and the composite individual, the social (b) both are equally essential to (small 'd') 'democracy' (c) the ISMS must be ended in a merger.

A synthesis must be economic to be useful; it must find the way to a democracy which will comprise all the factors of wealth production. This can only be done by clearing away the class-warfare Karl Marx has injected into the economy.

There does this class-war find its reason, cause or excuse. If it's a mere excuse found by Marx for an attack on capital, wealth and society it is simple—kill Marx. But if the attack too badly aimed is in right general direction Marx must be disposed of by some other process.

Individualism has failed to see and accept its relationship to its own collective self, SOCIETY. So it owes society about half its wealth. This opened the door to the Marx attack. But the attack not only corrects the error but asks for EVERYTHING.

tion of how much a SYSTEM OF EXPLOITATION may succeed when all its forces are available and working to that one single end.

## 'A SNAPPY SYNTHESIS OF ECONOMICS'

MOST NAMES HAVE TO find themselves. 'Secondary meanings' become primary. This headlined title is already building its own history if it's building at all. And its narrative should itself be interesting and educational.

'Economics' Dr. Hayes, 'Fundamentalism in Economics' says must not be used as a diminutive of Political Economy and he goes to the grass-roots of this science to prove-up. But so far I am utilitarian on this issue: and inclined to 'steal' economics for popular use.

The headline phrase itself is credited to Katherine F. Ross of Arden who also is a Charter Member in my 'Society of the Physiocrats'—which is slowly realizing its importance and its meaning.

'Snappy' hardly needs definition except to call attention to:—(a) that our Science is the victim of confusion, cults and man-handling; from which (b) George only gave extrication a good start. And (c) that it is the simplest, the MASTER of all sciences.

Synthesis typifies brevity, succinctness and definiteness vs. the endless talk-talk, opinionism, comic strips and wisecracks and know-nothingism of ANALYSIS. A needed merger of two close-up meanings.

## SYNTHESIS APPLIED TO DEMOCRACY

WHEN WE BOG DOWN IN analysis of a subject like this we must back up and apply our slogan. 'Pulling it to pieces' (analysis) shows our ideal way of life to be flanked first by the INDIVIDUAL and next the aggregated individual called the Social.

Call this analysis if you please: and finish it by attaching to these two basic words the culist adjectives, ISMS and ISMS. The individual gets 'rugged' and sets up his absolute ownership of the whole universe. The social cult rears suggestively and claims everything for society.

Now this analysis is so brief, simple and obvious that we dare put together (synthesis) this DUALISTIC economy and give it the label 'democracy'. This we have been trying to 'run' for nearly a couple of centuries. But so far we have been RE-ANALYZING so much we now have something to snap out of.

Now let's apply SNAPPY SYNTHESIS. (1) MAN says I found this universe and built houses on it. I OWN (inviolably) not only the houses but also the universe. (2) MEN called together (figuratively) by K. Marx issue a manifesto declaring both property (houses) and everything else common property.

## HOW THREE IDEALS BOTH MERGE AND CONFLICT

THIS COMPOSITE VIEW IS so vital that it's worth risking repetition to firmly plant:—Each of these 'ideals' has its basic right principle. And each has its completely wrong practise. And all are so related as to make them inseparable.

Individualism contains the essence of our democratic ideal of freedom. From it, as practised, however, is missing the SOCIAL element which only can justify its ideal and make it workable.

Socialism supplies the missing social element. But it fails to stop there and observe the ideal of individual freedom. It demands everything for society; and so is exactly as far off-center as its extreme opponent, individualism. In popular phrase we have the two belligerents HOGGING our substance.

And Democracy is playing between these millstones, degraded and corrupted. When it should be merging the basic elements of the individual and society and casting out their fatal errors. This func-

## SHALL WE UNDERSTAND OR PLAY OSTRICH?

STUART ALSOP IN THE Herald-Tribune projects this question as to war, Russia and the bomb. But he, or his employers, do not see the point: nor therefore, help reduce our present world-wide grandiose antic of the long-legged and little-headed animal.

Alsop tells of Molotov's and Stalin's being well setup in the Marx conviction and theory that it is capitalism's business to have wars. He takes them thru the paces of this 'thesis' detailing how everyone in business and production are happy, busy and rich in wartime.

So say (or think) they, so long as wars are inevitable as long as the capitalist system persists we will keep our army big, our powder dry and our bombs ready (for capitalism's destruction.) And this convinced an American unionist; and leaves the columnist in doubt.

This is no Marxist or Soviet theory and Mr. Alsop and the H. T. to be useful, should try and show how much we owed to USSR for frankly reminding us of the FACT that war is a poverty disease which capitalism is NOT curing.

## IS WAR AN INCURABLE DISEASE? THAT IS THE QUESTION

THAT IS THE QUESTION great papers and their best writers should be pressing instead of all joining in our present endless chain of getting nowhere. If these Russians whom we have so much trouble understanding, seem to have a vague and lingering idea of causation, let's run it down.

Let's have our way and stand up for our capitalism even more than it is doing for itself. BUT let us also see if it hasn't some little FAULTS which may possibly account for this 150 year all-wrong notion of MARX that has snow-balled to a mountain.

While it's untrue that (capitalism) favor or cause wars, we ARE guilty of harboring a system of TAXATION-MONOPOLY which OBVIOUSLY causes both labor-war and world-war. Capitalism must take this rap of Marx or end that system.

What we must 'DISCOVER' is that USSR are at the center of a world fight against a GREAT WRONG. It is wrongly based and engineered, BUT if we haven't sense and machinery to correct its errors and get on the right track, we will bomb it out with USSR!

## THE PRACTICAL AND COMMON-SENSE ANSWER

THESE WORDS ARE IN order because this Alsop story brings us face-to-face with our world-problems both in their impossible confusion of detail and their simplicity of principle, guaranteeing EASY SOLUTION. And the only common-sense way is to sidestep and overcome the impossibilities with the easy.

It is made obvious by USSR that the EARTH is what we are fighting world-war for. The lesser cases such as Spain, Japan and even Germany are not so obvious: but to close observation they are the same. This observation proves that it is our product-tax system that causes and supports this earth-or land-monopoly.

Capitalism, the target of Marx destruction, which he is rapidly effecting thru labor misleadership and rabble rousing bureaucracy, is the first financial victim of the evil product-tax monopoly and thus is sacrificing itself for its worst enemy.

This is the crux of the whole economic problem—Monopoly is at its base. Capital has been given the nickname 'ISM' because it is tangled with basic monopoly. This entanglement is VIA the tax that doubles prices, halves buying, business and employment.

tion is the task of an ECONOMIC DEMOCRACY which has chosen the small 'd' as its symbol.

# TAXATION IS THE FOCAL POINT OF ALL ECONOMICS

TAXATION OF LABOR-CAPITAL PRODUCTS INVOLVES THE FATAL EXEMPTION OF NATURAL RESOURCES

## IS GOVERNMENT SET UP TO PROTECT PROPERTY?

THERE IS A THEORY—HELD among the many confusions supposed to favor the proletariat or "human rights"—that government never had any other purpose by its real organizers than to keep the mob or masses from destroying wealth and the property-owner.

This has been the position of not only the various collective Marx ISMS but of the extreme individualists or anarchists aiming especially at the destruction of government. Nor has this been just another mistaken notion; or a passing phase of MONOPOLISM of protecting itself; but Marx-ism has unambiguously, but by accident, quite effectively done.

Whether or not the theory ever worked does anyone now see government as having ANY clear concept of protecting property or wealth? Or in reverse does it not now seem to be aligned with the proletariat conspiracy against them.

So far this statement might be a stand-pat Bourbonist or partisan (GOP) attack on New Deal or any attempt at reform. But there is a profound basic principle involved which must be defined before ending this comment.

## OUR CONSTITUTION NEVER DEFINED PROPERTY

THIS OMISSION ACCURATELY forecasts four things:—(1) Public or Social property or values have never had any stated place in our economy tho they equal all private wealth or property.

(2) This has directly resulted in this half of our estate becoming an over-shadowing basic monopoly.

(3) The tragic consequence of this action of abandoning the natural source of all taxation to racketeers, is that taxes have gone onto labor products, doubling their cost to consumers. And so halving business volume and employment of labor.

Finally (4) this chain of economic errors, degrading our Constitution, has reacted on our whole system of private wealth and property in a way more than suggesting their destruction or confiscation.

The essence of this condition is that having failed to make INVIO- LABLE our social or collective property, we have made un- stable all our individual or private rights. So our government, from protecting monopoly, has swung to the extreme of siding with the mass-individual to the neglect of the original concept— of property—and now combines labor and land monopoly under its wings.

## ★ DOES NATURE EVER GET TANGLED?

HERE ARE THE AIR-LINES, first cousins to wireless sending their good money on a 3011 mile coast to coast AL&T private tele- phone line to let them talk almost at the same instant to 400 offices across country about reservations. In spite of the wonders of free-air- talking the good old leaden wire still serves a lot of such demand as this. In fact it has been trained to take on a lot of messages simul- taneously over one wire.

CAN WE OPEN OUR FORUMS? MANY BESIDES TOM STOKES of Scripps and Harold Stassen of GOP would like the answer to this Q. The Forum movement was a live one 50 years ago. What happened? It's practically dead now. The popular answer is the radio. And the same for lectures: "the platform".

Now the regular thing is to turn on the air and let it blow all day and nearly all night. The GOP has generations ago ceased to function as offering any principles for discussion. And its candidates are laughable in their antics to excite public interest in a vacuum: "the New Deal drowns us in wars and bureaucracy."

## GOVERNMENT DOESN'T KNOW ITS OWN BUSINESS

THIS BEING SO FEW OF its citizens and institutions under- stand their own and others' rights and status. Illustrating the head- line: not recognizing the line that marks off private property and public or social values, govern- ment is every day in confusion where to outlay its protective force.

"Labor", mostly a corrupted name of misleadership and so a direct representative of the MARX CONCEPT, gets govern- ment favor, largely thru a dictatorial "leftist" President. Still all the lip-service is given to free-industry, democracy and in- dividualism.

If the Constitution had never been abandoned or had been put on its feet, it would assert the obvious right of ownership ac- cording to production or creation which would certify all property to LABOR and CAPITAL.

This, establishing the prop- erty-line distinct from that of social values, about the equal of wealth or property, would make these values, largely in land and nat- ural resources, the source of all taxation for SOCIETY'S HOUSE- KEEPING.

## NOT A MERE CONSTITUTIONAL MATTER

A CONSTITUTION IS ONLY a law and may be wrong or in- adequate, as ours now is—both. But that should be the place to begin the work of co-ordinating all our Statutes with Nature which must be done if the State is to cease being our Enemy, as charged in Mr. Noek's book-title. A constitution, if it's to serve must be our basic law and the place of record for our simple and obvious formulation of nature and science, to guide our law- makers. For example our law of ownership as following creation or production is indisputable.

This would separately define property and social values and end most of the economic and political confusions now bringing us to the brink of chaos. So the constitution would become what we have called it and which it never was: "The Bulwark of Our Society."

Great Government is to protect PROPERTY. Because it cannot otherwise protect HUMANITY. But has only protected PRIVATE PROPERTY to the exclusion of Social Values and Natural Re- sources and thus has become the PROTECTOR OF MONOPOLY, destroyer of private property, which is what this question MEANS.

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of employment, and (b) tax the raw materials of employment.

Well, do we go directly about teaching the "ab's" of what we require? By no means. We tangle up in 500 pages of "ab's" of splendid philosophic and economic discussion which so far as these two simplifications go are UNRE- COGNIZABLE or even REJECT- ED in our teaching.

So maybe it's not wholly the fault of these thousands of ECONOMIC PROFESSORS that they shun all entanglement they can't understand and throw their weight around for such plausible and naive things as all the Marx- isms and especially his Bureaucracy and Unionism. To honor George it is not necessary to entangle his simplifications.

## ALLERGY TO UNTAXING INDUSTRY AND ITS PRODUCTS

An open letter to a friend with a sad case of this kind.

I SHOULD PATIENTLY take you to the woodshed for ex- tending the work of the 'schis- matists' or cultists, of the di- hard 'moral' Georgists of the past 50 years who have stigmatized 'mere fiscal Single Taxers' such as Shearman, Fillebrown, Root, Brown, et al.

These cultists are the fellows who are always unctuous in shouting 'make land common prop- erty' (land nationalization); and 'end private ownership of land' the present or potential aim of every living person. Whether or not they are so dull that they do not know that the only way to do these things is by the single tax, they also shout we teach the land- way NOT the tax-way!

Then comes the Western (Stock- ton) School (Neo-Georgists, J.S. Codman christened them in re- commendation to his own H.G.S.S.E.) with a long hair- splitting plea that Taxation is FORCE, whereas Rent Collection is free-will payment for value- received. This is only a fraction of this ANTI-TAXATION cam- paign which, however unconscious- ly, is nothing short of TREASON to the Georgist Economic Move- ment; and directly playing in with USSR communizing of land.

The fact is that there is no other practical approach to the COMMONIZING OF ECONOMIC RENT than the TAXATION of it into the Public Treasury—not only the approach of effective argu- ment but the DOING OF IT.

## WHY IS TAXATION THE ONLY APPROACH TO LAND MONOPOLY?

ECONOMIC CULTISTS HAVE inherited the old prejudice of narrow George moralists against "mere fiscal single-taxers" such as Thomas G. Shearman, Charles T. Root, James R. Brown, C. E. Fillebrown and others whose SINGLE-TAX-ISM was meant for ACTION NOW in place of pres- ervation in the realm of theory and always strong for INACTION.

These CULTISTS and SCHIS- MATISTS know and teach as a part of their formula of correction of their wrong teaching that the only way to end monopoly is by taxing its value into the public treasury. But still they argue against the only George-prescrib- ed method and persist in teaching and headlining the USSR NA- TIONALIZATION of land.

The common sense and econom- ically scientific reason for the TAX-REPEAL approach to land- tenure reform is that this tax- shift off of all labor-capital PRO- DUCTS automatically boosts — probably DOUBLES—the sale of those products (all "wealth", everything consumed by every- one); and so doubles demand for labor and ends UNEMPLOY- MENT.

This is the initiation of the movement which, by throwing the tax-burden on natural resources and other forms of land monopoly, renders such investment unten- able.

## WHAT MAKES ECONOMICS SO DISMAL?

WHY DO 1500 COLLEGES and 12,000 highschools fail or re- fuse to "see the cat"? Henry George so laboriously delineated? They call them "dismal" with faint praise, calling them "dismal" and unscientific. And our "American Journal" hardly mentions George or his economics in its bulk of miscellany professional pabulum.

The answer seems to be that we invariably choose the longest and worst-entangled way around in our teaching forms and texts. Example: we must end poverty by ending unemployment. To do this we must (a) un-tax the products (Continued in col. 2)

## REQUIRING SOME ECONOMIC TECHNIQUE

### WHAT IS LAND OWNERSHIP?

GILBERT M. TUCKER IN HIS fine book 'The Self-Supporting City' (Schalkenbach \$1.00) spares no words in making clear the limitations everywhere in vogue to absolute private ownership of land. And while I uphold this conservatism, I make a suggestion for his next book:—

What he explains is inherent, ingrained and indisputable. Yet said to offset a communistic or cultist seizing this very propriety to marshal into their united front the crusaders against land mono- poly who are the ancient enemies of their land Nationalization.

Just as land tenure is limited both by law and good opinion as Tucker explains, so must the al- ternative to the absolute tenure be far more carefully limited against such expropriation of land as in full force in USSR (includ- ing the "liquidation" of its Kulak (farmer) owners.

The fact is that with the right remedy applied and to the real disease, which is land monopoly, not its ownership, the ancient sentiment against "ownership" be- comes obsolete and uncalled for. And that remedy, the shifting of all taxation to the monopoly has never yet been popularly ad- vocated.

### LAND OWNERSHIP SUFFICIENTLY RESTRICTED ALREADY

TITLE FOR LAND HAS FOR all time been limited both in cus- tom and law. Therefore, all the energy expended on the various ideas of land nationalization, mak- ing land common property, ending its private ownership and building new dictionaries to pillory "Title- holding" and collect rent in place of 100% tax on rent, are either foolish or ulterior—take your choice.

There's only one thing needed as to land which is to end its MONOPOLY. And this grand ob- jective splits into two vital es- sentials (a) to make monopoly the sole source of public revenue so as to relieve all products from taxes that double price and halve employment of labor and capital (b) to at the same time and by the same action free all resources for a doubled use in production.

That fate could side-track so much of an effort to free people of monopoly, to one of attacking their need for freedom and play- ing toward the tyranny of state- ism—is a tragic fact we must admit and face and cure.

The private ownership of land, and with due understanding of the natural limitations referred to, is otherwise to be given the widest possible scope. Our individualism can mean nothing else—than that every citizen should "absolutely" own his home and against all comers. And for this we should FIGHT MONOPOLY of our domain. And do it by the only process that will give land the widest distribu- tion in private ownership.

### THE RELATION OF LAND TO WAGES

EVERY NORMAL PRICE OF everything is the result of supply and demand—including the price of labor, or wages. The demand for labor is demand for its product. The wage, therefore, depends on the output, the product, its vol- ume and quality.

Any deterrent to production will reduce the wage; any lowering of wage can only be due to some deterrent in production. Example: a tax on product is added to its price; any increase in price re- duces sale, production and wages correspondingly. Hence such tax must be avoided.

How? The fact that a tax on products thru increase of price— (a) lowers production and wages (b) deprives the consumer of the

### WHY SEEK CAUSES ALREADY DISCOVERED?

WHAT OTHER INFLUENCES are there to lower or increase wages? In theory none that do not lower or increase the quality or volume of product. What of the rent of land? Rent is the measure of land value and there- fore cannot measure wages.

Then is not land value a deter- rent to wages? Land value is (Ric- ardo's law) the measure of its productivity. Production of wealth (solely by labor) must be from land's raw material, which con- tribution is naturally the only basis of normal land value or normal rent. Land productivity cannot deter wages.

What of Abnormal land value or rent? These are both a cause and a result of land monopoly: rent is made abnormal by land monopoly; monopoly is caused by private collection of rent.

Abnormal land value and rent and resultant monopoly obviously limit employment and wages in two distinct ways: (a) they re- strict production by obstructing the flow of raw materials it requires, (b) they restrict, by their inflation of cost and price of products, the mass buying power required to fully employ labor at natural wages.

What of the text-book statement that increase rent causes decrease of wages? This is only true as to abnormal or monopoly rent—never of normal economic rent; and ALWAYS true of the former.

What of the charts that show this process? They are valueless without showing the rent as ex- cessive due to monopoly. If prac- tical to so differentiate they might be useful tho that is doubtful owing to the dimensions of the labor- market problems.

### CULTISM AND ECONOMICS COMPLICATED

WHAT OF THE "MARGIN OF production or cultivation" being the controlling point of wages? It is a theory too fine-spun to be useful. It is a margin hard to find and still harder to connect with wages in industry, as at Pitts- burgh, or commerce, as N. Y. City. And also hard to connect with the law of supply and demand.

It is one of numerous ways be- ing employed which keep econom- ics in a mystic haze; and continue the popular impression that it is a science (if any) intended only for discussion.

It is obvious that involved here are both economic fallacy; in teach- ing that RENT (meaning normal economic rent unless otherwise specified) lowers wages, increases costs and stays social progress— and also ponderous teaching forms.

While the former is most serious and obvious, the latter may be the more important as to progress. The involvement of a simple cause and effect case like taxation mak- ing high prices, low wages and millions unemployed in a tangled "margin of cultivation" complex is at the very least a poor bargain

product, indicates that such tax is unnatural.

Then is there a natural tax? Yes: that on Land Value Incre- ments. Why is such tax natural? Because (a) the increment occurs from pressure (competition) of the population demanding the service (government) to supply which this tax is the only natural way (b) the service creates the increment or value necessary to its outlay. This is an endless chain of cause and effect.

Then the land is the supporter of high wages by displacing the tax on labor-products which in- creases their price and limits their sale, equally limiting employment and wages.

# TO GET INDUSTRY OPERATING ON THE ECONOMIC BASIS IS OUR FIRST JOB

## MONEY AND LAND VALUE

### MONEYISM AND ECONOMICS

I HAVE SEVERAL FRIENDS who are what I call "Moneyists" because they think, among a variety of other things, that "Money is really the Root of all Evil!" I.E. that the kind, amount and administration of money crucially affects the persistence of poverty, war, etc.

I have other friends who, for political as well as economic reasons, agree with me that land and natural resources being the exclusive right source of social revenues or taxes, should have some definite relationship to money and its administration.

My own belief is that PUBLIC MONEY should be issued only against tax bills on land values and amortized or retired as such bills are paid. By "public money" I mean any issued by government. This would leave possibly a greater volume of money to be issued against various forms of security, both public and private; but which only involves the government as "bankers", and are thus eliminated from the "money problem" as such. And it would also leave plenty of questions and issues for "moneyists" to continue debating and legislating: such as Wall St. money changers, economic royalists, and international bankers.

### "MONEY", A MEETING-PLACE FOR CRACKPOTS

I HAVE NO DESIRE TO BELITTLE these or any other of the score of political issues commonly mixed in numerous money programs. What I do distinctly desire is to: (1) Concentrate all possible driving force on the major issue, which is to kill land monopoly by taxing it. (2) Use the earth for all social-money-needs, since the earth is the only thing whose value grows with the social expenditure. (3) Distinguish (a) between private and public need for money and have each pay for its own; (b) between money issued against tangible security and against unbalanced public budgets, the main measure of land value.

No. 1 above combines in rare proportions the two essentials of any national civic enterprise, Effective Politics and Sound Economics. "MONEY" and its many associated issues has never integrated to successful politics. The reason is that it lacks the direction of a basic issue.

Attaching to money the fundamental purpose of the land question would tend to clear the decks of many surface issues which have kept money and finance from taking on the dignity they should have.

### THE "NATURAL MONET" OF H. A. JACKSON

FOR SEVERAL YEARS I have been trading ideas on "combining land and money" with this friend (3510 Large Ave., Los Angeles). So far we have not agreed as to land values being the ONLY basis for issue of money, I being content to cover those values only, with the money-needs that create the values.

He argues that elasticity of money-volume, reflecting that of industry and commerce will always also be followed by such rise in land values as to insure their adequacy as a measure of money-needs. But in money propaganda there is a "voodooism" that inclines one to draw lines I have mentioned.

I especially want to set up the line of Security of all money and hence its redeemability. This would extract most of what I call voodoo from money. And leave as a problem only the part of the Public Budget not devoted to self-supporting public enterprise.

This investment as in "utilities", that return nothing, such as schools, courts, police, streets, etc. are the main builders of land values which leaves no question as to soundness of using such values as the only basis of money needed for that portion of UNBALANCED BUDGETS.

### THE "VOLMATIC" REVENUE BY OTTO CULLMAN

AN INGENIOUS NEW WAY of selling land value taxation—otherwise known as the "Single Tax of Henry George". It is really a psychological test of a theory of advertising and selling:—People are easily bored with old names and new ones are supposed to hold their interest. Mr. Cullman, assisted by the capable C. R. Walker, sets forth in a beautiful volume what this new revenue is, what it will do and how it got its novel name. And they conduct a live selling campaign which, but for the new set-up, would be called propaganda.

One novel thing in its program is avoidance of a hated name TAXATION; but without yielding to the doubtful substitute RENT, of a Western School. Whether limiting this Revenue to "government's own earnings" is a costly-yielding, is to be seen.

Single Tax would collect all economic rent or land value earnings for government operation. Mr. Beckwith's Western School teaches: that land, having no value or earnings, such earnings MUST BE from the services government supplies. Proving this is a good part of the activity of new schools.

### VOLUNTARY AUTOMATIC REVENUE

SHOWING WHERE GOVERNMENT renders 1001 services that should be paid for by "title-holders" of land tends to lighten a dismal science called ECONOMICS. But there are other things that may cause land value and economic rent, such as "richness" of the land, as in a gold mine.

Gold and other mines have no monopoly of rich land either: certain lots in N. Y. C. are "gold mines" to the average of \$50,000,000 an acre! So, with "government" concededly clumsy, and inefficient and even corrupt, to limit the revenue to its earnings seems to beg the question of so much land value as to compel denial of its existence.

This Beckwith boldly does; and Cullman, at least by inference, bravely adopts this and some other even more dangerous denials. So the "voluntary automaticity" of the coined name involves this "shortage": and also has to prove itself easier to collect than a tax.

A definite part of economic cultism has come to be a preference for the word rent to land and rent collection to taxation.

## HENRY GEORGE

### HENRY GEORGE'S FORMULA OF FREEDOM

A FELLOW ECONOMIST sends me an essay answering a student's request for a "Concise Statement of the principle or theory of Freedom promulgated by Henry George". Following a habit of mine I will give my answer before reading his:

The first postulate in the George Fabric of Freedom is that Freedom must be Economic. The next that the Economics of Freedom must be exact, positive and scientific. They must, therefore, derive from Natural and Divine law.

Freedom and Liberty are the bases of Georgian doctrine. Yet George wastes less words on scattering his application of the doctrine than the average politician or progressive. It is the "principle or theory" of Freedom that George concentrates on. That is FREEDOM, rather than a variety of freedoms such as in the Atlantic Charter, expresses the serious contemplation of Henry George.

To contain all the beauties and refinements of many ideologies using these words and to make any progress toward attainment, the utmost intensity is implied in the George attitude toward them.

Only a philosopher and scientist of the George spiritual and social calibre can appreciate the position of humanity as related to Freedom; and hence the need for 100% of defense from every conceivable attack to which humanity and freedom are at every point subject.

### THE THEORY APPLIED: AND IN "STREET LANGUAGE"

FREEDOM, DERIVED FROM natural law must be achieved through political, Social and Economic Sciences—each in its own right; to insure individual and social rights. Man's first right is to himself and to everything he can produce—to own, consume and exchange.

The right of OWNERSHIP closely follows this first essential of Freedom. Ownership must be inalienable in the Individual and in All Individuals or Society. Ownership derives from Production to individuals; and from Creation to Society. Human Labor produces all Property or Wealth. Human association creates all Values in Land or the Common-Wealth.

By coincidence or operation of law private wealth and social values run quite closely in volume. Example: in N. Y. City assessments of each are about \$8,000,000,000. George application of principle here would make ownership of the 8 billion of land value public or social so that all the 8 billion of wealth produced by labor could be INALIENABLE where now it is absorbed by product-or Sales-taxes.

Here is the greatest spectacle of the George concept of Freedom which in a score of other ways of reducing to common terms less the obvious and simple forces he gives his great conception. His freedom of the human person to apply his labor to the source of all raw materials, the earth and produce wealth, gives him inalienable ownership in N. Y. C. of that \$8 billion of private property or improvements.

(To be continued)

### A SALES PROPOSITION FOR SINGLE TAX

THAT'S THE BASIS OF judgment for most of these projects such as mine, Jackson's, Cullman's, Beckwith's, Rusby's, Tucker's and Lincoln's H.G.S.S.S. and Electric Factory.

I once bought a watch factory for \$70,000 that had cost a million. It had fallen into hands that didn't understand "good-will". The name was "Waterbury". It

While elaborate hair splitting tries to justify the preference, I find no substance to any claim of difference or of superiority.

## CULTS AND SCHISMS INFEST ECONOMICS

### ANOTHER CULTIST NEOPHYTE

AND LOOKING FOR PHYTE—the real stuff!—Mrs. Una E. (C.A.) Miller, 28 Oakland Place, Summit, N. J. This lady does not dissipate her prestige in coarse abuse as some of her fellow cultists have. She calls this Editor a good economic advertiser and says she's been liking our style of democracy for quite a while.

However, she must of course prove her 100% cultism or "Economics Magnified". So she states "as a FACT that private property in land must be replaced by a system under which it will be treated as COMMON PROPERTY." Then after a few lines of cultist incoherence that is getting standardized, she lands another gem fresh from the H.G.S.S.S., N. J.:—She says "my so-called 'Tax reform' must eventually destroy the value of land-holdings".

Translating rather literally, her first enunciation the ownership, possession and use, actual and potential, by practically All of 140 million persons of the 3,000,000 square miles of land of the U.S.A., must lead to the U.S.S.R. COMMUNIST system now in full blast in Russia; where they have not only "EXPROPRIATED" (stolen) the land of 180 million guilty of this same desire for their MOTHER EARTH—they have "LIQUIDATED" (U.S.S.R. for murder) millions of the guiltiest, the farmers whom they call KULAKS. This is the true COMMUNIST CULTIST concept of simplified economic evolution of which Mrs. Miller is past-mistress.

As to her attack on "tax reform", I plead guilty on its behalf, having learned by 50 years' study of David Ricardo, Adam Smith and Henry George that the only way to destroy land monopoly is to make it unprofitable. And that the only way to do that is to tax the profit, the value or economic rent into the public treasury and to thereby replace ALL other taxation (of things that are doubled in cost and price by the tax).

### CULTISM HAS ITS EXCUSE

IT IS THE SAME IN THIS respect as new idealism, labor revolution, and communism. Capitalism's hands are not clean. And until they are cleaned the attacks on it by these "reform mobs" must be expected. If not justified, Capital puts up no adequate defense; and because it is smeared up by basic monopoly.

Cultism, growing from two opposite sources, is perhaps an even bet as to which side of the fence a student will land on. A cultist may start as a wobbly economist who only sees the light of science dimly; or he may be from the ranks of liberals or New Dealers and finding in pseudo-economics a measure of progress.

It should awaken capital, business and "wealth" from their "sleep of death" to be reliably told that they will at least half-deserve their fate if collectivist chaos does overtake them, unless they do wake up.

had been idle 20 years. Would I revive the name? I would and did with great success. People get funny ideas about names and causes that take their time in development.

I'm prejudiced against some otherwise smart enterprises because instead of pulling straight ahead with the others on sound economics, they must have new styles, as in autos and dresses.

In spite of such mistakes by some of these boys they can't (if they would) deny their parenthood; nor, therefore, help adding their share to the aggregate force which will one day break thru the dam of ignorance, indifference, confusion and corruption. And "Volmatic Revenue" is a splendid display of Georgian Scientific Economics.

### LEB. GOELLER'S BOOKLET "THE NEW POLITICAL ECONOMY"

IN ONLY A SUGGESTION of review, this 24 pages, also titled "How Civilized man gets his living", a rather hasty reading indicates that the names are lacking in the descriptive element, since the work is devoted mainly to explaining, defending and possibly correcting, our Oldest Political Economy, that of Henry George.

And as to its bringing this science most forcefully and practically to the getting-a-living problem, that is where I have found all the old and new "P.E.s" most lacking.

The author's objective, as I have divined it, is worthy and needed. How much needed and in what specific ways and how much covered by Goeller, "democracy" will go into in due course.

The author might be called a die-hard George-Man who has taken as his portion in a life-work the circulation in great mass of 100 or more "tracts" carved out of the voluminous writings of "The World's Greatest Economist" as fundamentalists in this relatively new science insist on naming him. The Henry George Tract Society of Endwell, N. Y. will help a further understanding of this "brief".

### BECKWITH'S REVIEW OF GOELLER

I am not here attempting to "review the reviewer" which will come in the "due course" reserved for a synthesis of the Goeller work: which review, by the way, will have the serious purpose of getting economics out of the stratosphere where various kinds of CULTISTS have put them. I am now going to try and clear the deck for a review.

I would like to first "place" LDB in this field of Scientific Economics by about as much description as given to "LeB.G.". Let us call Goeller an all-out 100% GEORGIST. In this "tagor Beckwith must be label" as a apostate Georgist. He was for perhaps 25 years as near as Goeller to 100% George.

Now, as J. Rupert Mason carelessly said "he is always ready to accuse or attack H.G.". This from LDB drew a column rebuke for JRM. So, as LDB is always on the lookout for "themes" to expound, this may cause him to devote an issue of The Forum to explaining—

Why the HG object of destroying land monopoly is distasteful to him; and why he also objects to doing it by taxing taxes off of ALL PRODUCTS which double their cost and price; and so have mass buying, business volume and disemploy millions of workers? Why, in fact, he doesn't stick to George and Ricardo; and improve them instead of throwing them over?

### THIS SITUATION SYNTHESIZED

I START WITH THE GREAT-est economic philosophy the world knows to date. That of Henry George. With whatever faults it has, either of principle or method, it is not only the greatest, IT IS ALL-SUFFICIENT! By which I mean it demands the Destruction of Monopoly. And the only point to possible method, which in itself is a duplication of the relief to humanity: the removal of all product-taxes to monopoly.

Next, we have Goeller the plodder in this George Vineyard, for 50 years. Set to one side by some of the schisms that inflict all organizations—he patiently pursues his work. For years publishing a paper the "Single Tax News" and then the tracts.

Now it is in the light of this general statement that I will note with interest:—(1) to what extent Goeller has helped cure the cultist complex in the George Movement; (2) what a very distinct type of cultist, rebel or apostate has to say for himself in a FRONTAL meeting of the issue of Georgian Economics.

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